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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/698,203	11/03/2003	Nikolay Mayyak	4522	
7590 05/01/2006		EXAMINER		
Nikolay Mayyak 9649 S. Silverberry Cir. Littleton, CO 80129			THANH, QUANG D	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
•			3764	
			DATE MAILED: 05/01/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Art Unit: 3764

1

DETAILED ACTION

Specification

1. Applicant is reminded of the proper content of an abstract of the disclosure.

A patent abstract is a concise statement of the technical disclosure of the patent and should include that which is new in the art to which the invention pertains. If the patent is of a basic nature, the entire technical disclosure may be new in the art, and the abstract should be directed to the entire disclosure. If the patent is in the nature of an improvement in an old apparatus, process, product, or composition, the abstract should include the technical disclosure of the improvement. In certain patents, particularly those for compounds and compositions, wherein the process for making and/or the use thereof are not obvious, the abstract should set forth a process for making and/or use thereof. If the new technical disclosure involves modifications or alternatives, the abstract should mention by way of example the preferred modification or alternative.

The abstract should not refer to purported merits or speculative applications of the invention and should not compare the invention with the prior art.

Where applicable, the abstract should include the following:

- (1) if a machine or apparatus, its organization and operation;
- (2) if an article, its method of making;
- (3) if a chemical compound, its identity and use;
- (4) if a mixture, its ingredients;
- (5) if a process, the steps.

Extensive mechanical and design details of apparatus should not be given.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

3. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. It

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is unclear to the examiner how the electromagnetic devices work in relationship with the electromagnets, linear motors and magnetic bearings (is the motor working independently or together with the electromagnets?). It is also unclear how the control system changes the electromagnetic field to provide variety of rocking motion.

4. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

- 5. Claim 1 is rejected as failing to define the invention in the manner required by 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph. The claim is narrative in form and replete with indefinite and functional or operational language. The structure which goes to make up the device must be clearly and positively specified. The structure must be organized and correlated in such a manner as to present a complete operative device. It is unclear how the electromagnets, linear motors and magnetic bearings are correlated to each other to provide a complete operative device as claimed.
- 6. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. The limitation "the parts of the system" lacks antecedent basis and is unclear as to what parts? and what system? (the rocking system or the control system?).

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8.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

7. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claim 1, as best understood by the examiner, is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b)

as being anticipated by Walsh (3,849,812). Wash discloses a magnetically levitated rocking sleep system (fig. 9) comprising of a base 91, a body 93, an arrangement of electromagnetic devices (fig. 9), and a control system (timer and variable speed, col. 7,

lines 30-37); electromagnets 94-97 with magnetic bearings (fig. 9), linear motors (col.

7, lines 30-33), the electromagnetic devices or their parts are mounted on the base and

on the body the way that the electromagnetic devices create, with the help of the control

system, an electromagnetic field strong enough to provide an air gap between the parts

of the system mounted, directly or indirectly, on the base and the parts of the system

mounted, directly or indirectly, on the body (fig. 9); by changing the electromagnetic field

at the said sleep system, the control system and the electromagnetic devices provide

variety of rocking motions of the body (col. 1, lines 32-64).

Conclusion

9. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Zhang '759 discloses an apparatus having oscillating boards.

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Skakas ' 997 teaches a therapeutic infant bed. Chodacki et al '298 teaches an electromagnetic mechanism for agitating cradles.

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Quang D. Thanh whose telephone number is (571) 272-4982. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday & alternate Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Greg Huson can be reached on (571) 272-4887. The Central FAX phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300 for all communications.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

QUANG D. THANH PRIMARY EXAMINER

Quang D. Thanh Primary Patent Examiner Art Unit 3764 (571) 272-4982